

B. H. HAMMERS. J. H. MORSE.
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FRIDAY EVENING, JUNE 18, 1860.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For President,
JAMES A. GARFIELD,
of Ohio.
For Vice President,
CHESTER A. ARTHUR,
of New York.

For Governor,
SHERLY M. CULLOM,
of Sangamon.
For Lieutenant Governor,
JOHN H. HAMILTON,
of McLean.
For Secretary of State,
HENRY D. DEMENT,
of Lee.
For Auditor of Public Accounts,
CHARLES F. SWIGERT,
of Kankakee.
For Treasurer,
HOWARD BUTZ,
of Cook.
For Attorney General,
JAMES MCGARTNEY,
of Wayne.
For Congress—14th District,
JOSEPH G. CANNON,
of Vermilion county.
For Member of the State Board of Equalization,
14th Congressional District,
MAJ. CHARLES F. EMMERY,
of Macon county.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION

The Republican voters of the several townships and election districts, in Macon county, are requested to elect delegates to a county convention, to be held at the court house in Decatur, on

Thursday, August 5th,

at 10 o'clock a. m. for the following purposes:
1. To reorganize the county central committee.

2. To choose delegates to represent Macon county in the legislative convention of the 20th senatorial district, hereafter to be called;

3. To nominate candidates for clerk of the Circuit Court, Sheriff, Coroner and Prosecuting Attorney, to be voted for at the ensuing November election, and for a trial of the constitutionality of any property coming before the convention. The basic representation will be one delegate for every 500 votes cast for Rutherford B. Hayes in 1856, and one delegate for every 1,000 votes cast in 1860. Upon this basis, the townships and districts will be entitled to delegates as follows:

Decatur—1st District	8	Long Creek	2
"	5	Milan	1
"	5	Marion	5
"	4	Mt. Zion	2
Austin	2	Marion	4
the Mount	2	Marion	1
Long Creek	2	Oakley	1
Wheatland	2	Pleasant View	2
Wheatland	2	Wheatland	1
Wheatland	2	Whitmore	3

By order of the committee.

JAMES C. LAKE, Chairman.

HON. ALBERT G. PORTER of Indianapolis, was yesterday nominated for Governor by the Indiana Republican State Convention on the third ballot. Mr. Porter was a member of Congress from the Indianapolis District from 1859 to 1863. He is one of the leading lawyers of the State, and 56 years of age.

A NOTABLE wedding took place at Lincoln Wednesday evening, at which the Rev. Dr. Goodwin, of Chicago, officiated. The contracting parties were Mr. John Scully, Esq., of New York, a son of the noted landlord of Ireland, and Miss Lillian Chamberlin, a well-known lady of Lincoln. The ceremony took place in the Episcopal Church, and a reception followed at the residence of John A. Lutz, Esq. The married couple left for St. Louis on the night train, thence will go to Washington, and on the 26th will sail for Europe for a six-months sojourn.

THE CLEVELAND HERALD says that twenty-seven reporters slept on Garfield's veranda the other night, and that they are as thick around his house as the time as gnats in June.

IN the past three months the Chicago Tribune has abused no man more than has Garfield except it be Grant. The Tribune is the most unreliable of papers. —Deserete News.

THE return made by Emery Storrs about Secretary Sherman, as a presidential candidate, applies with equal aptitude to Mr. Trumbull: It will be like running a refrigerator, but we suppose the brethren will eventually warm up to it.—Quincy Whig.

WHEN the Princess Louise was shopping in Chicago another feminine shopper approached her and said: "There is a lady present who was born within the dominion of your mother, and she would like to speak to you." The Princess immediately shook hands with the diffident English woman and said she was glad to see her. After a short but kindly conversation the good Louise turned to go, saying: "How lonely you must be to stay away from your own country so long."

EVERY patriot lady in the land will learn with satisfaction that Mrs. Garfield is a lady who will grace the White House with her presence. That is what somebody says who knows about her. We are further told that she is a woman of a good and winning spirit, and of a bright and cultivated mind; that "as Miss Lucretia Rudolph she was an exceedingly pretty and interesting girl, and her marriage with the general was on both sides one of ideal affection. Her intellect has kept pace with her husband, as he has studied the books he studied, and up languages with him, and has so trained herself as to fit her boys for college in the most thorough manner. She is an excellent Latin scholar, and is also proficient in several modern languages. She is a little lady, graceful in carriage, and having most frank and charming manners."

THE SUPREME COURT'S IDEA OF THE NATION.

In his message vetoing the Marshall bill, President Hayes quotes the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in the Seybold case, decided last fall, in which the court says: "The greatest difficulty in coming to a just conclusion arises from mistaken notions with regard to the relations which subsist between the State and National Governments. It seems to be often overlooked that a National Constitution has been adopted in this country, establishing a real Government therein, and which, moreover, is, or should be, as dear to every American citizen as his State Government is. Whenever the true conception of the nature of this Government is once conceded, no real difficulty will arise in the just interpretation of its power. But if we allow ourselves to regard it as a hostile organization opposed to the proper sovereignty and dignity of the State governments we shall continue to vex with difficulties as to jurisdiction and authority. No greater jealousy is required to be exercised toward this government in reference to the preservation of our liberties than is proper to be exercised toward the State government. Its powers are limited in number and clearly defined, and its action within the scope of those powers is restrained by a sufficiently rigid bill of rights for the protection of its citizens from oppression. The true interests of the people of this country require that both National and State governments should be allowed without jealous interference on either side to exercise all the powers which respectively belong to them according to a fair and practical construction of the Constitution. State rights and the rights of the United States should be equally respected. Both are essential to the preservation of our liberties and the perpetuity of our institutions. But, in endeavoring to vindicate one, we should not allow our zeal to nullify or impair the other."

The true doctrine, as we conceive, is this: that while States are really sovereign as to all matters which have not been granted to the jurisdiction and control of the United States, the Constitution and constitutional laws of the latter are, as we have already said, the supreme law of the land, and when they conflict with the laws of States they are of paramount authority and obligation. This is the fundamental principle on which the authority of the Constitution is based, and, unless it be conceded in practice as well as theory, the fabric of our institutions, as it was contemplated by its founders, cannot stand. The questions involved have respect not more to the autonomy and existence of the States than to the continued existence of the United States as the Government to which every American citizen may look for security and protection in every part of the land.

A Poem Published in 1874.

[When General Garfield was being abused by a part of the newspapers in 1874, for his speech in a case at law defending a patent, the following prophetic lines by George Alfred Townsend appeared in the Washington Star.]

TO JAMES A. GARFIELD.
Those who did ride on Chickamauga's day,
All solitary, down the fiery line,
And saw the ranks of battle rush shine,
When grand old Thomas held them from dis-
may,
Rough not now, while meane factions play
Their brief campaign against the best of men;
For those spent balls of slander have their
way.

Letter From a Lady One Hundred
Years Old.

From the Nashville (Tenn.) American June 10.

Dr. Blaikie has received a letter from

his aunt, in Scotland, which begins:

GENERAL GIBSON, the old commander of the famous Iron Brigade of Wisconsin, attended with his wife the recent soldiers' meeting at Milwaukee. Mrs. Gibson, who had accompanied her husband throughout his campaigning and who was almost worshipped by the command, rode with him in the procession. The wildest cheers greeted General Grant and General Gibson, but when the old soldiers caught site of Mrs. Gibson there was a greater uproar, and they pressed forward, eager even to touch the hem of her dress, many of them breaking into tears and sobs.

IN 1872 Lyman Trumbull wanted the "liberal" nomination for President. After waiting eight years for anything within his reach, he now comes forward for the governorship of a State. His greed for office is insatiable, but he will wait awhile longer before it is gratified.—Kankakee Gazette.

THE coal miners in LaSalle county, this state, are in an agitated condition and have been threatening a general "strike" on the first of next month. It is believed, however, that dispassionate counsels are to prevail, and that the proposed strike will be abandoned.

THE Chicago Tribune announces that a new and dangerous counterfeit \$100 bill is in circulation. It purports to be of the National Exchange bank of Baltimore, and of the '75 series. It is printed on fibre paper. Look out for it.

PROF. J. W. SWILER, of the deaf and dumb institution at Jacksonville, Illinois, has been tendered and will probably accept the position of superintendent of the deaf and dumb institution of Wisconsin.

THE London Times tells English farmers that they cannot compete with American farmers, and they would better go to America where lands are cheap and fresh.

A WORD TO REPUBLICAN ORGANS OF DISAFFECTION.

Indianapolis Journal.
We observe a disposition on the part of some of the late anti-Grant papers to harp without ceasing on the defeat of General Grant at Chicago. They represent that very small portion of the Republican party, amounting to scarcely a respectable fraction of one per cent, of the whole, who pledged themselves in advance not to vote for General Grant if he was nominated. This sentiment had absolutely no strength whatever in the convention, for every delegate in it pledged himself before the balloting began to stand by the action of the convention and support its nominee. Considering this fact, we suggest to the rule-or-ruin organs that they suspend their boasting and try to "run in" on the Grant men. Suppose the Grant men in the convention and throughout the country had imitated the example set by these kickers, and had pledged themselves not to vote for any candidate but Grant, where would the Republican party be to-day?

These organs of Republican disaffection are not entitled to speak for the Republican party. They are at best but mere camp followers, recognizing no political fealty, and as apt to turn up on one side of the line as the other. For the sake of peace we are willing to admit that every one of them killed Cook Robin at Chicago, though as a matter of fact their little arrows never reached the mark; but for heaven's sake, let them stop their damnable iteration and their patronizing airs. The time has not yet arrived for them to take front seats in the Republican synagogue, and is not likely to soon.

U. S. Minister Now a Tramp.

Pottsville Post.

Senator McGinnis, of the Allegheny poor board, has received a letter from Butler, stating that H. Golden Rogers, a tramp 74 years of age, had applied to the authorities there for relief. It now transpires that Rogers was an able lawyer in Pittsburg about the year 1844, a polished and eloquent speaker and a member of the state constitutional convention of 1837. He was also a politician of some note, and took an active part in the campaign which resulted in the election of President Pierce, and received as his reward the position of United States minister to the kingdom of Sardinia. Here he served with no little ability until suddenly he became insane, and from that time forward he lost his influence in the political world. He returned to Pittsburg, but could get no practice as a lawyer. No doubt he is remembered by some of our older lawyers.

New English Marriage Bill.
A bill has been introduced into the Parliament of England with provisions as follows: "Marriages may be solemnized at an time between the hours of 8 of the clock in the forenoon and 6 of the clock in the afternoon, but no person, parson, vicar, minister or curate of the Church of England shall be under any obligation to solemnize any marriage after 12 of the clock (noon), although it shall be lawful for any such parson, vicar, minister or curate to do so, if he think fit, up to 6 of the clock." At present marriages in English churches can only be solemnized before noon, unless the parties have procured a special license. It is popularly supposed that the present law was inspired by the belief that English bridegrooms are more apt to be sober in the morning than in the afternoon or evening.

Letter From a Lady One Hundred
Years Old.

From the Nashville (Tenn.) American June 10.

Dr. Blaikie has received a letter from

his aunt, in Scotland, which begins:

EDINBURGH, May 25.—My Very Dear George: You will scarcely wonder that I so seldom take pen in hand when I tell you that this day, 1780, 100 years ago, I first saw the light. My sight and hearing are about gone, and the body so frail that I can only slip from one room to another. I am never sick, and can enjoy my food. Of course, my faculties are on the decay, especially memory, but I can and do think of all my dear ones, and pray that they may enjoy the love and comfort of our Heavenly Father."

The writing is marvelously distinct and firm.

GENERAL GRANT, at the soldiers' reunion at Milwaukee, met every attention with a kindly word, a shake of the hand, or a friendly nod. During the procession innumerable babies were poked into the carriage that the General might kiss them, and he cheerfully did his duty. The crowd of infants at last became so great that both General Sheridan and Colonel Forsyth, who accompanied Grant, were pressed into the service, each of the soldiers having two or three little creatures in his arms at once.

THE following is represented to be the complexion of the delegation from this state to the Cincinnati Convention: For Seymour as first or second choice, 23; for Davis, 9; for Morrison, 9; for Tilden, 8; for Palmer, 5; for Hendricks and English, 2 each. If this classification is correct, Davis, Morrison, Tilden and Palmer men will have to combine in order to prevent Seymour from running away with the State under the unite rule.

PROF. J. W. SWILER, of the deaf and dumb institution at Jacksonville, Illinois, has been tendered and will probably accept the position of superintendent of the deaf and dumb institution of Wisconsin.

THE London Times tells English farmers that they cannot compete with American farmers, and they would better go to America where lands are cheap and fresh.

TELEGRAPHIC GARFIELD.

Entertained by his Old Army Comrades.

Criminal and Other Intelligence.

TOLEDO, O., June 18.—Wheat, \$1.12½
June; 98½ July. Corn, 41c June;
quarter cash.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 17.—The resident members of the Society of the Army of the Cumberland, of which Gen. Garfield is a member, gave a banquet to-night to the Republican candidate for the Presidency, and the long dining hall of the hotel was specially arranged for the occasion, and appropriately decorated with portraits of Gens. Garfield and Thomas and a profusion of flags. At 9 p. m. Gen. Garfield entered the hall upon the arm of Gen. Sherman, and was escorted to the head of the table, all members remaining standing until Sherman called the assembly to order. Gen. Sherman sat at the head of the table, with Gen. Garfield on his right. Secretaries Schurz, Ramsay, Sherman and Thompson, Postmaster Key and Attorney General Devens occupied seats at the same table with Gens. Garfield and Sherman.

Gen. Sherman announced that the meeting was for the purpose of welcoming their comrades of the Army of the Cumberland, Gen. Garfield. Gen. Anson G. McCook introduced Gen. Garfield as one who had always done his duty in war, and who was entitled to the highest civic honors that could be given to him. Gen. Garfield then rose, and was received with enthusiastic applause. He said he knew of nothing more difficult than for a man to speak of such compliments as had been paid him without embarrassment, but there is something in the character of soldierhood which gives freedom to speech and makes one feel and think without embarrassment. The men who were present, he said, had been tried in war that their sympathies ran out to each other. He did not feel at this time like indulging in talk of politics. He paid high compliment to the conduct of the volunteer soldiers of the army, as well as to the regulars, and said he never felt jealous of the regulars, which some people felt. Both arms had done their full duty and he rejoiced in the conduct of the regulars, and he did in that of the volunteers. The war had resulted in one army and one nationality. Referring to the motives which actuated the soldiers of both the Northern and the Southern armies during the rebellion, he said both sides believed they were right with regard to the conduct of our foes; he believed many of them now had become the noblest friends of the country, and that the country was now in spirit, as it was in name, one people, with one flag and one destiny.

At the close of Gen. Garfield's remarks a number of toasts were proposed, and responded to by Secretary Schurz, Postmaster Key, Secretary Thompson and others, after which, at a late hour, Gen. Sherman declared the meeting adjourned.

GALVESTON, June 17.—The *Newspaper* special says a lady, escorted by two gentlemen, all strangers, entered the court this morning. The district attorney met them and announced to the court, "There is a lady present—I presume it is Miss Cummins. Please have her sworn." This produced a sensation. Colonel Crawford of the defense, asked to confer with Miss Cummins, for his side, that the witness be put under the rule to be conferred with by both sides. The morning was consumed with the witness. Dr. Ford, of Shreveport, who gave expert testimony as to the signs of insanity and had a hypothetical case put by the defense involving circumstances similar to those surrounding Currie, replied that a man so conducting himself was insane. The state promises unfavorable testimony regarding the character of the witness Moore. The arrival of Miss Cummins caused such confusion that a recess was taken.

Miss Cummins was called to the stand and gave a graphic narrative of what she saw on leaving the opera house until she went north. The main particulars of the evidence are the same as Barrymore's, but there are some confusions. She gave more minute details. She saw four shots fired, two at Barrymore, two at Porter. She said Barrymore and Porter had their heads turned toward one another, talking of Currie's funny expression to Harvey, "Do you want to sell a dog?" and while talking, Currie passed behind them to the front door, and turned, asking if the insult was directed to him, at the same time using threats. Didn't see Porter put his hand to his ear, in the way complained of by Currie. Harvey disappeared from her sight after the first fire. After the shooting, when appealed to about allowing such conduct, he made his way, she thought, over the counter. Witness came direct to this trial from Windsor, Canada, and her expenses were paid by the *Dramatic News*. She came of her own will.

Dr. W. J. Dial said he saw Currie the night of the killing; thought him drunk, but rational. If the hypothetical case fitted Currie's, then Currie had the delirium tremens.

Dr. Elam Johnson agreed with Dr. Ford as to the temporary insanity of Currie, if the hypothetical case was identical with Currie's. The state put hypothetical case, involving their view of Currie's condition from the evidence, and witness said in such a case a person would know what he was about. The burden of the evidence to-day on insanity tended to establish it. Defendants closed, and the state, after introducing one more witness, closed. The argument begins to-morrow.

NEW ORLEANS, June 17.—Jefferson Davis, Jubal A. Early and J. J. Payne testified in the case of the will of Sarah A. Dorsey, who left Davis her legatee, contested on the ground of undue influence, which Davis emphatically denied. Mrs. Dorsey, he said, believed the Confederacy still existed; its truths were eternal, and should prevail. He believed this, too, and if that was insanity, both he and Mrs. Dorsey were crazy.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 17.—At a meeting of the Metropolitan Baptist Church, Rev. I. S. Kellogg, pastor, last evening, a preamble and resolutions were adopted strongly endorsing Kellogg. The resolutions say the members of the church have heard all the charges that have been made against their pastor, but his pure and exemplary life has proven them false; that his labors on behalf of his church and its property under

There was no protest against admitting the will to probate. The missionary society of the Methodist church receives \$1,000 for the work in India; \$2,000 is given for the use of work out ministers in the Methodist church, and \$1,000 to the Freedmen's Aid Society. The First Baptist and Second Presbyterian churches in this city get \$1,000 each.

GALENA, June 17.—Gen. and Mrs. Grant arrived home this evening in a special car from Chicago, and were met at the depot by a

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce Dr. J. H. Axon of Maroa, as a candidate for representative from the 9th senatorial district, subject to the decision of the Democratic convention.

We are authorized to announce JOHN H. MAUZY as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Republican county convention.

We are authorized to announce EDWARD MCCARTHY as a candidate for Circuit Clerk, subject to the decision of the Republican county convention.

We are authorized to announce WILLIAM W. FORD as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Republican county convention.

We are authorized to announce GEORGE P. HARDY as a candidate for circuit clerk, subject to the decision of the Republican county convention.

We are authorized to announce JOHN IRWIN as a candidate for the office of Circuit Clerk, subject to the decision of the Republican county convention.

We are authorized to announce MARTIN POWELL as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Republican county convention.

We are authorized to announce HENRY W. DAVIS, of Long Creek township, as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Republican county convention.

CITY DEPARTMENT.

A NEW and beautiful line of decorated English dinner sets just received at E. D. Bartholomew & Co.'s.

Busy—the farmers.

A HAND is four inches.

PLUMS, 15 cents a quart.

THERE are 2,750 languages.

ALL the rage—buggy riding.

RIFLE peaches, five for a nickel.

SLOW rivers move seven miles per hour.

New potatoes are down to 75 cents a bushel.

COMING—Van Amburgh's great show, on July 3d.

RALLY, everybody, and join the Garfield Club.

WANTED—A young man at Wood's.

16-dif

ALL step forward and buy wall paper at Abel & Locke's exclusive establishment.

THE "Faultless" fruit cans are for sale at Ashby & Andrews'. 17-dif

NEXT week will be an anxious time with the mass, throughout the country.

Boys, commence saving up your nickels for the coming circus.

ABEL & LOCKE make a specialty of fine carpets, and sell them at prices that are astonishingly low.

GEORGE HOLLAND'S excellent company in "Our Gentleman Friends," at the Opera House on the 28th.

HEAR Rev. J. W. Cecil, of Macon, on temperance at the tabernacle, to-morrow night.

MILAM'S bread is always fresh and pure and sweet. 14-dif

A KANSAS schoolma'am climbed a tree to get away from two awful frogs and a milk-snake, and the school board called it "demoralizing" and discharged her.

LEAVE orders at Armstrong's for B. F. Taylor's carriage.

ONE Decatur agricultural implement dealer claims he sold over \$4,000 worth of farming machinery on yesterday.

COUNTRY produce in season and fresh bread every day, at Niedermeyer's on the Mound.

SOMEbody seems to be considerably worried about those "two chaps." Well, let him squirm, nobody cares.

The finest line in Opera Mts., in four and six-button sizes, at 18-3d

THEO. A. GEHRMANN'S.

It is probable that the Illinois State Firemen's Tournament will be held at Monmouth this year. A meeting of the executive committee is to be held there on June 22.

PILADELPHIA LAWN MOWER—Best and cheapest in the world, sold by V. H. Park. may17d2m

THE new grain weighing office recently erected directly south of D. S. Shellabarger & Co.'s new merchant mill, is one of the roomiest offices of the kind in the city. It will be mighty handy when the grain begins to come in.

If you want good bread buy at Milam's bakery. 24-dif

PHYSICIANS' prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours, day or night, at the Morgan street Drug store. june3-dif

FOR constipation, costiveness, or biliousness, try a bottle of Dr. Marshall's Bromoline, warranted to cure. Sold by Decatur druggists. [15-d&w1w]

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!! Don't fail to try Rinehart's Worm Lozenges for your children—the only medicine that destroys the worm nest. 25 cents per box. Warranted. June 10-d&w1w

A SPLENDID assortment of Camp Chairs, late patterns, at Ashby & Andrews'. June 5-dif

CHEW Zig-zag tobacco, clear Kentucky white filler. dit

CALVIN BOARE, formerly with D. F. Hamer, has opened a Wagon and Repair Shop on Jackson street, between William and Prairie, and is prepared to manufacture farm and spring wagons on short notice, in the very best workman-like manner, at reasonable terms. Also, painting and staining, general repair, paint, etc. Give him a call. June 10-d&w1w

Two "Lawn Mowers" at Young & Norman's barber shop. One of the clipping machines does not eat the hair quite as close as the other. A ticket to the drawing given away with each hair cut. The prizes are—

1 set of bedroom furniture. \$120.00

5 cash prizes, each. 10.00

10 cash prizes, each. 5.00

Drawing January 3, 1861.

June 10-d&w1w

REFRIGERATORS, all sorts and prices, at Ashby & Andrews'. Call and see it. June 5-dif

BOYD BROS. South of Court House, NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE & CO.

THE town of Assumption, 23 miles south of Decatur, is "all torn up" to-day, on account of a daring robbery which occurred there at about three o'clock this morning. The safe in the post office, kept by Mr. Bridges, was blown open and rifled of its contents, as was also another safe in a general store near by. Telegrams have been received by Marshal Baker notifying him of the burglary, stating that the amount of cash carried off foots up about \$2,000. There is no tangible clue as to the identity or whereabouts of the robbers, but it is reported that the men who did the deed left the town in a buggy, and were seen by somebody to leave the place, driving eastward. Robberies are becoming alarmingly frequent at Assumption, and if the perpetrators of this morning's burglary are speedily discovered, no doubt the outraged citizens will think strongly of stringing them up to the nearest tree.

A LONG fisherman named Pobet, came to town this morning, bringing with him several huge catfish caught last night on his trout line in the Sangamon river near Peoria. One of the cats is a whopper, being nearly 90 inches in length, and weighs 28 pounds. This is the largest catfish ever caught out of the Sangamon and exhibited in the city. Pobet wanted \$2.00 for his "elephant," and refused to take a cent less. Dan Jones finally became the purchaser, and will have the monster baked and served up for lunch at his "bank" to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Dates—Parker.

A notable wedding took place at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Jas. S. Parker, near Maroa, on yesterday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Rev. A. H. Bates, pastor of the Presbyterian church at Maroa, and Miss Lydia E. Parker were joined together in the holy bonds of wedlock by a clergyman from Clinton, in the presence only of the immediate relatives of the family. This social event is particularly interesting, from the fact that the bridegroom is a very successful and popular preacher, over whose level head the snows of 35 winters have passed, and the bride is a most estimable young lady of 23 short summers, who possesses about \$20,000 worth of this world's goods, part of which consists of 400 acres of fine farming land in Maroa township. Rev. Bates and bride will leave Maroa Saturday for a short wedding tour. May unloyed happiness attend the pair through life.

Condition of Crops.

Following is the report of the State Board of Agriculture with reference to the condition of crops in Macon county up to June 1st. So far as we have been able to learn the report is about correct.

Corn is looking well; the heavy rains on undrained lands has prevented thorough culture, and considerable corn is yet to be planted. Broom corn is looking well and as large breadth of land planted as in 1879. Not as much spring wheat sown as last year, the crop promises to be an average yield. Winter wheat is in excellent condition and promises to make more than an average yield per acre; the growth of straw is heavy and the heads are large and well filled; some pieces slightly injured with rust. The growth of oats is rank and the prospect good for more than an average yield per acre; the area is not as much as last year. Rye promises to make an average crop.

Master of Arts.

At the recent annual commencement at McKendree College, at Lebanon, St. Clair county, Ill., the honorary degree of A. M. was conferred upon Rev. G. W. Miller, pastor of Stapp's Chapel, this city.—McKendree College is the oldest Methodist educational institution in Illinois, of which Gen. J. H. Moore and Mr. C. C. Burroughs, both of Decatur, are graduates.

Marietta.

MARRIED—At Vandalia, Ill., June 15, 1860, at 9 p. m., Mr. A. P. Lemon, of Decatur, Ill., and Miss Anna M. Wheeler, of Vandalia. The ceremony was performed by Elder J. O. Henry, pastor of the Vandalia Christian Church. There were present about 40 guests. The presents were many and valuable, typical of the high regard and esteem in which the happy pair was held. The banquet, following later, was attended with the usual jollity. The entire affair was one to be remembered, and passed off in a highly successful manner. X

Genuine Reductions in

Hosiery, Laces, Parasols, AND—

LADIES' NECKWEAR.

We assure our patrons that our goods, at the prices marked, are the best value in Decatur. C. H. GASTMAN.

18-3d&w1w

A LARGE number of diseases are caused by a disordered liver. Use Dr. Marshall's Bromoline, the great Liver Regulator, and be cured. Sold by Decatur druggists. 15d&w1w

\$5.00 to Cincinnati.

The Illinois Midland Railway will sell round-trip tickets to Cincinnati at \$8.00 good on regular trains June 19, 20, and 21, and returning good until June 26th, inclusive.

A. E. STRADER, N. E. ADAMS, Agt., Traffic Manager.

Cincinnati Convention.

The C. H. & W. railway will sell round trip tickets to the Cincinnati Convention June 20th and 21st, good returning until June 27, inclusive. Fare. \$8.00. April 16-dif

Fact, Milam's new process bread has no superior. 24-dif

REDUCE your shoe bills by buying of Barber & Baker. dit

Sort N.Y. Coal an dry stove wood a McClelland's coal yard. May 17-dif

Apianian Supplies.

Hives, Honey Boxes, Comb Foundation, Smokers and Honey Extractors, at reasonable prices. E. A. GASTMAN.

June 10-d&w1w

Extract of Report.

From the celebrated Physician, Erasmus Wilson, of London, England: "Several severe cases of incipient consumption have come under my observation that have been cured by the timely use of Coiden's Liebig's Liquid Extract of Beef and Tonic Invigorator."

low prices. June 14-d&w1w

CHEAP STORE.

10-d&w1w

Narrow Escape from Death.

Last evening a countryman named Ephraim Harkrider, seated in a farm wagon to which were attached a mule and a horse, started across the Water street crossing of the Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific railway. He had almost cleared the main track, going north, when accommodation No. 6 came thundering by from the west, and the engine struck the hind end of Harkrider's wagon, smashing the wheels and bed, and disabling the whole wagon outfit with great force against a box car standing on the side track, thus preventing the driver and horses from being thrown under the wheels of the train, as would have been the case had the car not been standing on the side track. Luckily Mr. Harkrider nor the horses were seriously injured, and after the excitement had died out and the driver had patched up his broken wagon, he drove off home, congratulating himself on his narrow escape from a horrible death.

Miss Annie Chambers arrived home last evening from Chicago, where she has been receiving advanced instructions in the art of painting.

Benton Blackstone, who isjourneying in Michigan for the benefit of his health, has the thanks of the REPUBLICAN for a lot of Grand Rapids papers, which came to hand this morning.

Manager Haines informs us that our people will have an opportunity of celebrating the glorious 4th, by attending Van Amburgh's first-class circus and menagerie, which is to show in Decatur Saturday, July 3rd. Good enough.

Frederick Nientker, the enumerator for Blue Mound township, gave us a business call yesterday. He reports that the population of his territory is about 2,000; but as he has not yet finished his work, the official report may increase the number.

Major Emery, who has not visited Decatur since the adjournment of the Chicago convention, gave us a pleasant call last evening, and as usual, "shook hands" all round. He says the farmers are busy as bees in Maroa township.

Hon. D. M. Fleming, editor of the Piqua (Ohio) Journal, arrived in the city this morning on a ten days' visit to his daughter, Mrs. C. H. Adams. He gave us a very pleasant call this forenoon, and expressed himself as delighted with the nomination of Gen. Garfield.

Capt. Job W. Wilkinson was in town yesterday, and states that he has been all over Niantic township within the past week.—He declares that there never was such a stand of crops in old Niantic township as is visible to the human eye at this time.

W. H. Hough, press and contracting agent for Van Amburgh & Co.'s Golden Menagerie and Frost's Roman Circus, gave us a call to-day and made arrangements for the appearance of his attraction here Saturday, July 3, giving three performances—forenoon, afternoon and night.

Will R. Goodwin, jr., who has been attending the Wesleyan University at Bloomington, is home for the summer.

He looks as pleasant and happy as ever, and when our reporter saw him he was nearly tired out from shaking hands with his many friends.

William E. Horn, of Lovington, was in Decatur to-day buying harvesters and binders for the farmers of Moultrie county who, Mr. Horn says, are just crazy for this class of machinery. He states that when he left Lovington fourteen or fifteen farmers were at his store after harvesters, and are "doubtless" still there waiting for Horn to return. He took a lot of machinery over with him this afternoon.

The Great Attraction.

And still great crowds of people throng the spacious room of No. 24 Merchant street, where the great auction sale of fine jewelry and silverware has been in progress without interruption since Saturday evening. Burt & Bruce are old hands at the business, and while one knocks down the costly goods to the highest bidder, the other wraps them up and takes in the cash. The sales begin each day at 10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., and at those hours it is exceedingly difficult to get into the room, particularly if one comes late, so great is the rush of the people to the sacrifice sale.

Be on hand early this evening, and get goods at your own prices. The stock embraces everything in the jewelry and silverware line.

Live out of doors as much as you can. It is the place for a man to be. It is good for the health. A distinguished physician was in the habit of saying: "However bad the air may be out of doors it is always worse in the house." It is good for the temper. People who are always shut up in a house are apt to grow fretful and peevish. They are prone to acquire narrow views of things and to worry over trifles not worth considering. It is good for the whole character—for strength, hope, patience and fortitude. It expands and softens one's nature and makes us more charitable.

Real Bargains.

We have left about one dozen English Walking Jackets, all wool—handsome goods—which we will offer at less than cost. See and price them.

18-3d&w1w

CHEAP STORE.

10-d&w1w

Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Walter R. Binkley and Henry C. Binkley, of Warrensburg in the County of Marion, in said District, duly declared bankrupts, in the sum of \$1,000,000, and that the same is filed with the Clerk of said Court, for a discharge and certificate thereof, from all their debts and other claims arising under said act, and that the

22d DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1860, at 11 o'clock a. m., is assigned for the hearing of the case by the said Court, at the United States Court House in the City of Springfield, when and where all creditors of said bankrupts, and all other persons in interest, may attend and show cause, if any they

WABASH ST LOUIS AND PACIFIC

The Great Through Car Route to
Missouri,
Kansas,
Nebraska,
Iowa.

NO CHANGE OF CARS FROM
TOLEDO OR ST. LOUIS, Kansas City,
Hannibal, St. Joseph, Quincy and Atchison.

NO CHANGE OF CARS FROM
ST. LOUIS TO Kansas City, St. Joseph,
Omaha and Oshkosh.

Remember that the
WABASH, ST. LOUIS & PACIFIC
has No Freight Cars. Everybody rides in
Elegant Passenger Cars, nicely upholstered and
carpeted. Baggage checked through to destination.

Don't forget the above inducements,
given only by this great line, and when you go
West, Southwest, North or North-
west,

Don't accept any ticket UNLESS IT READS
WABASH, ST. LOUIS & PACIFIC R.Y.

Departure of Trains at Decatur Station:
Main Line,
going west.

No. 1 Through Express 7:00 a. m.
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" " " " " 3:05 p. m.

Young East 10:45 p. m.
" " " " " 11:00 a. m.
" " " " " 9:00 p. m.

The following Freight trains will carry
passengers with tickets:

Going East 8:45 a. m.
Going West 1:15 p. m.

St. Louis Division.

Departure of Trains at Decatur Station:
Main Line,
going west.

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Freight 7:00 a. m.

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No. 41 Through Express 10:25 p. m.

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